



Knowledge Organiser

PSHE—Enterprise

Year 5/6

Theme: Cause and Effect

Summer Term B

Prior core knowledge

Year 5 and 6:

What are the different types of spending habits and choices—what choices do I make? You can choose to spend or save everything you gain, or you can spend some of your income and save some for the future.

Why is financial management and planning important from a young age? It is important because it has a direct impact on personal well-being. It gives children an understanding of the concept of cash flow, taxes and how debt works, as well as, helps you plan your finances better.

Year 6 only:

Why is structure needed and what are the implications of living in an anarchic society? Structure is needed to give clarity, help manage expectations, enable better decision-making and provide consistency. The implications of living in an anarchic society include chaos, lack of clarity and routine.



Core knowledge for this unit

What is budgeting and why is it important? *Budgeting is all about balancing your expenses with your income. It is important because it allows you to create a spending plan for your money, it ensures that you will always have enough money for the things you need and can allow you to have enough money for things you want.*

What connections can I make about my learning, the world of work and my future economic wellbeing? *I can use what I have learnt in school and apply this to the real world. I know that if I budget and understand how to spend and save money, it will have a positive impact on my future economic wellbeing.*

How can I show initiative and take responsibility for activities that develop enterprise capability? *I can show initiative by doing more than is expected of me, creating a plan, having a positive attitude and requesting feedback and follow the advice.*



Vocabulary

Income	The amount of money received over a set period of time in exchange for services or products.
Charity	An organisation set up to provide help and raise money for those in need.
Raise money	To collect, to gather, to get or to put together money.
Enterprise	A project or undertaking, especially a bold or complex one.
Profit	A financial gain, especially the difference between the amount earned and the amount spent in buying, operating,
Loss	An amount of money lost by a business or organisation.
Budget	An estimate of income and expenditure for a set period of



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Prior core knowledge

Puberty is the name for the time when your body begins to develop and change as you move from a child to an adult it can happen between the ages of 8-17. Your body and mood changes.

Everyone's bodies are different and are all unique.

Similarities and differences between male and females: we can all have the same emotions and feelings. The physical changes will be different.

Identify and name (scientific) key body parts (external)

Year 6 only: Identify and name (scientific) key body parts (external) and some internal.



Core knowledge for this unit

What is menstruation? *The process in a woman of discharging blood and other material from the lining of the uterus at intervals of about one lunar month.*

What is nocturnal emissions? *An involuntary ejaculation of semen during sleep.*

How do these changes affect you emotionally? *Mood swings, emotions constantly changing (emotional rollercoaster).*

Can you name all the external and internal parts of the male and female reproductive system? *Included in vocabulary list below*

Why is it important to have good hygiene? How do we stay hygienic during puberty? *Good personal hygiene is important for both health and social reasons. It entails keeping your hands, head and body clean so as to stop the spread of germs and illness. Your personal hygiene benefits your own health and impacts the lives of those around you, too. Regular washing, use of deodorant, clean clothes, fresh sanitary wear (girls).*

What is conception and pregnancy? *Conception is the action of conceiving a child or of one being conceived. Pregnancy is the term used to describe the period in which a foetus develops inside a woman's womb or uterus. Pregnancy usually lasts about 40 weeks, or just over 9 months, as measured from the last menstrual period to delivery.*



Vocabulary

Gender	Either of the two sexes (male and female).
Puberty	The period during which adolescents reach sexual maturity and become capable of reproduction.
Emotions	Strong feelings deriving from one's circumstances, mood, or relationships with others.
Relationship	The way in which two or more people or things are connected, or the state of being connected.
Hormones	Hormones are your body's chemical messengers. They travel in your bloodstream to tissues or organs. They work slowly, over time, and affect many different processes, including, Growth and development.
Reproduction	The production of offspring by a sexual or asexual process.